

[S]

COHERENT DECOMPOSITION

E. KROGAGER
(1990)

W.L. CAMERON
(1990)

[K]

TARGET DICHOTOMY

J.R. HUYNEN
(1970)

R.M. BARNES
(1988)

[T]

EIGENVECTORS BASED DECOMPOSITION

S.R. CLOUDE
(1985)

W.A. HOLM
(1988)

EIGENVECTORS / EIGENVALUES ANALYSIS ENTROPY / ANISOTROPY

S.R. CLOUDE - E. POTTIER
(1996-1997)

[C]

AZIMUTHAL SYMMETRY

MODEL BASED DECOMPOSITION

A.J. FREEMAN
(1992)

EIGENVECTORS / EIGENVALUES ANALYSIS & MODEL BASED DECOMPOSITION

J.J. VAN ZYL
(1992)

EIGENVECTOR BASED DECOMPOSITION



SHANE R. CLOUDE

(1985-1992)



WILLIAM A. HOLM

(1988)

PROPRIETY

EIGENVALUE PROBLEM IS AUTOMATICALLY

BASIS INVARIANT



GENERATE A DIAGONAL FORM OF THE
COHERENCY MATRIX



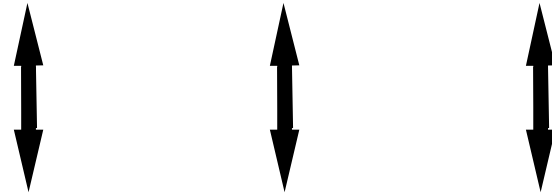
PHYSICALLY INTERPRETATION AS STATISTICAL
INDEPENDENCE BETWEEN A SET OF VECTORS



GENERAL DECOMPOSITION INTO INDEPENDENT
SCATTERING PROCESSES

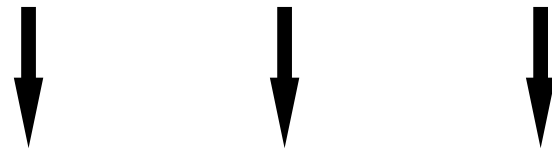
COHERENCY MATRIX

$$\langle [T] \rangle = [T_1] + [T_2] + [T_3]$$



KENNAUGH MATRIX

$$\langle [K] \rangle = [K_1] + [K_2] + [K_3]$$



SINCLAIR MATRIX

$$[S_1] \quad [S_2] \quad [S_3]$$



STATISTICAL INDEPENDENCE
BETWEEN THE TARGETS

COHERENCY MATRIX

$$\langle [T] \rangle = \begin{bmatrix} \langle 2A_0 \rangle & \langle C \rangle - j\langle D \rangle & \langle H \rangle + j\langle G \rangle \\ \langle C \rangle + j\langle D \rangle & \langle B_0 \rangle + \langle B \rangle & \langle E \rangle + j\langle F \rangle \\ \langle H \rangle - j\langle G \rangle & \langle E \rangle - j\langle F \rangle & \langle B_0 \rangle - \langle B \rangle \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\langle [T] \rangle = [U_3][\Sigma][U_3]^{-1}$$

$$[\Sigma] = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda_3 \end{bmatrix}_{\lambda_1 \geq \lambda_2 \geq \lambda_3}$$

3x3 DIAGONAL MATRIX OF EIGENVALUES

$$[U_3] = [\underline{u}_1, \underline{u}_2, \underline{u}_3]$$

SU(3) UNITARY MATRIX (EIGENVECTORS)

SHANE R. CLOUDE



(1985-1992)

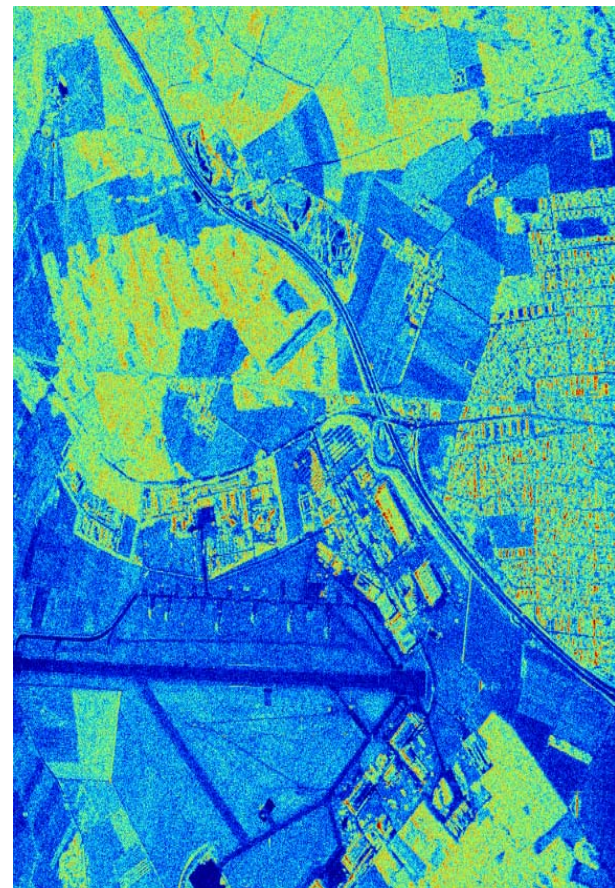
DECOMPOSITION

IDENTIFICATION OF THE DOMINANT SCATTERING MECHANISM

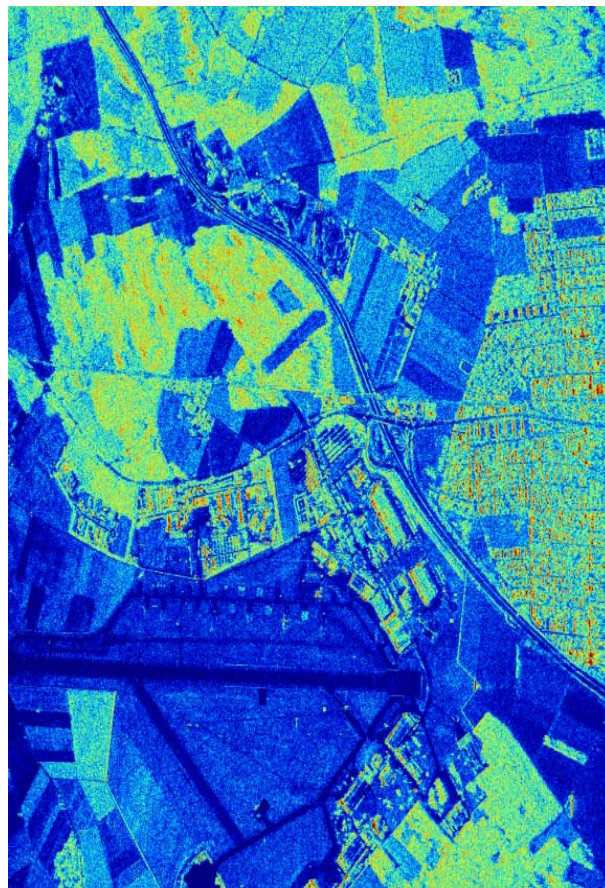
VIA THE

EXTRACTION OF THE LARGEST EIGENVALUE

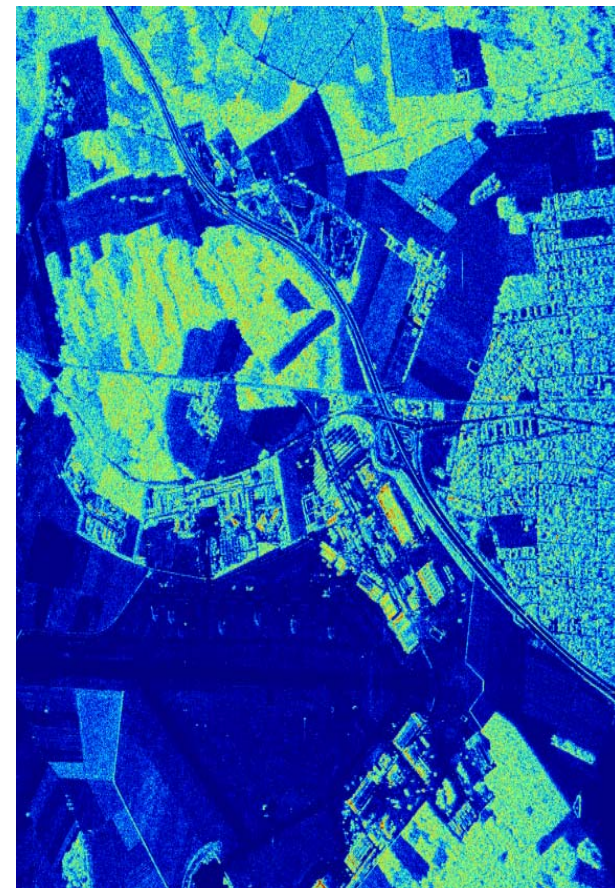
$$\langle [T] \rangle = [U_3] [\Sigma] [U_3]^{-1} \Rightarrow [T_1] = \lambda_1 \underline{u}_1 \underline{u}_1^{T*} = \underline{k}_1 \underline{k}_1^{T*}$$



$$(2A_0)_{dB}$$

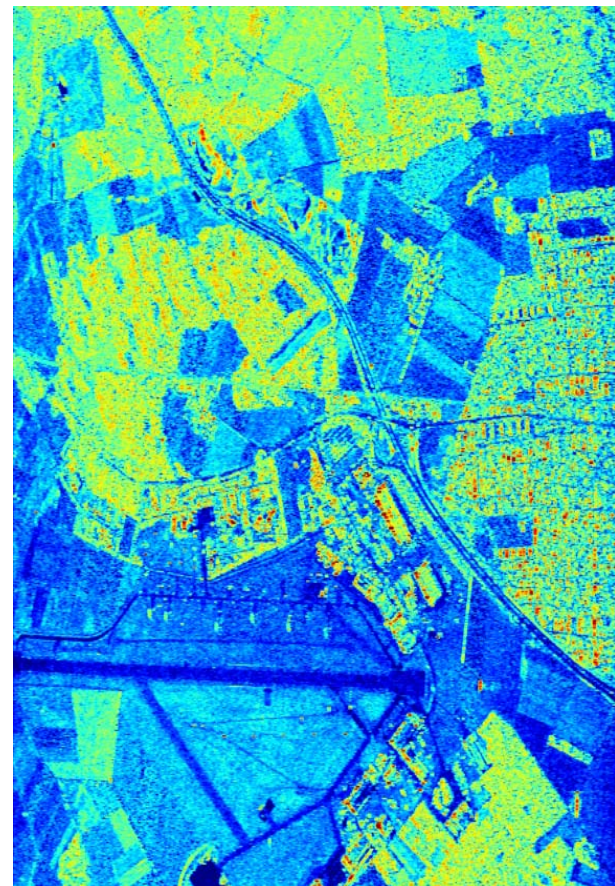


$$(B_0 + B)_{dB}$$

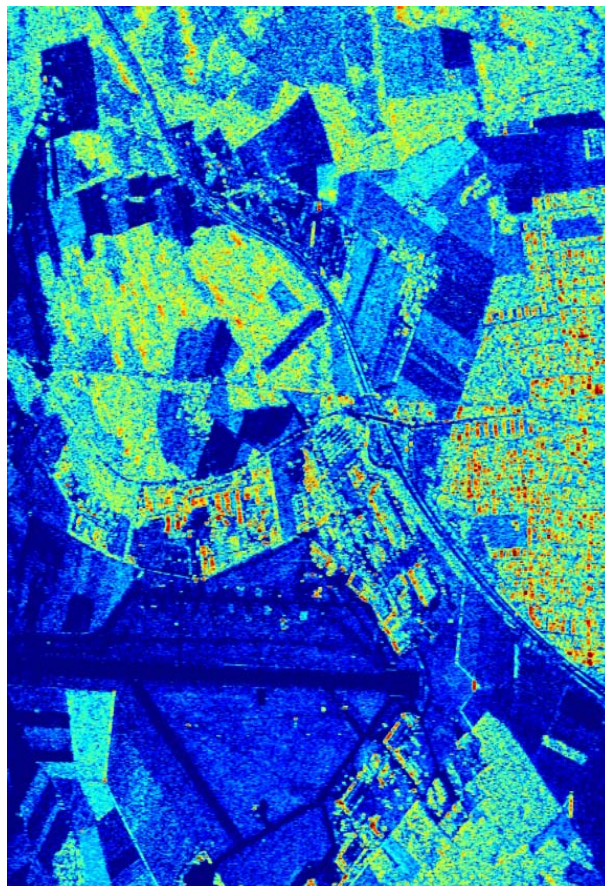


$$(B_0 - B)_{dB}$$

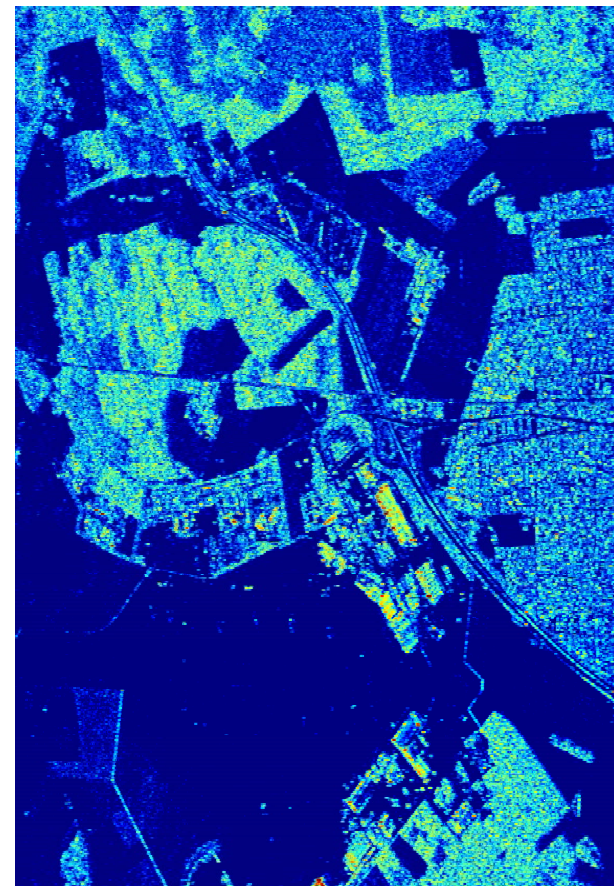




$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{13}|$$



$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{12}|$$



$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{11}|$$





$2A_0$

$B_0 + B$

$B_0 - B$

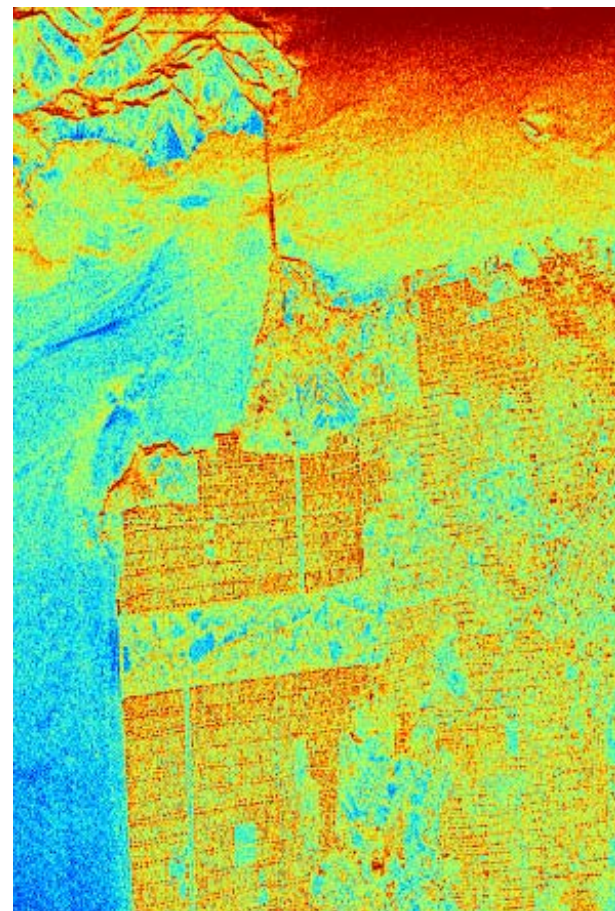


$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{11}|$

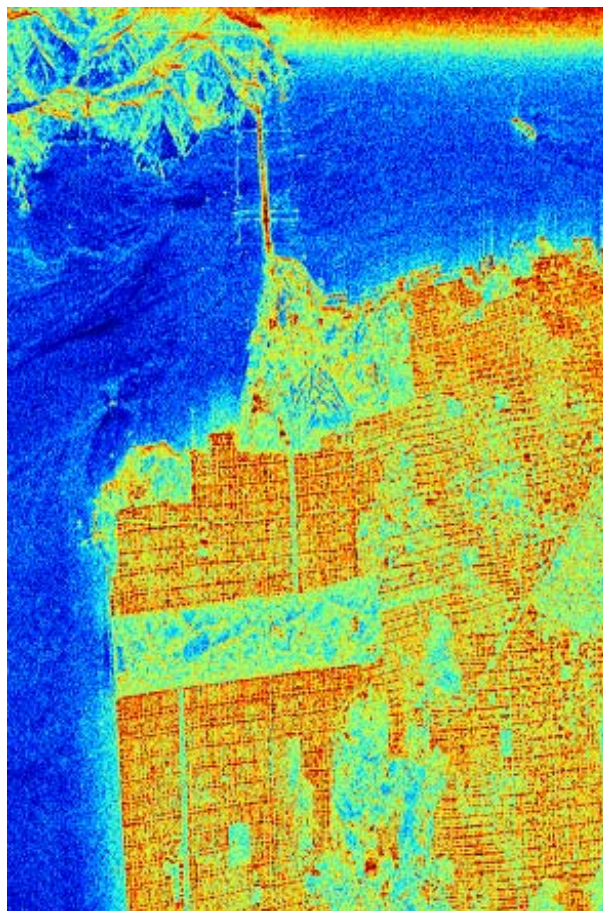
$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{12}|$

$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{13}|$

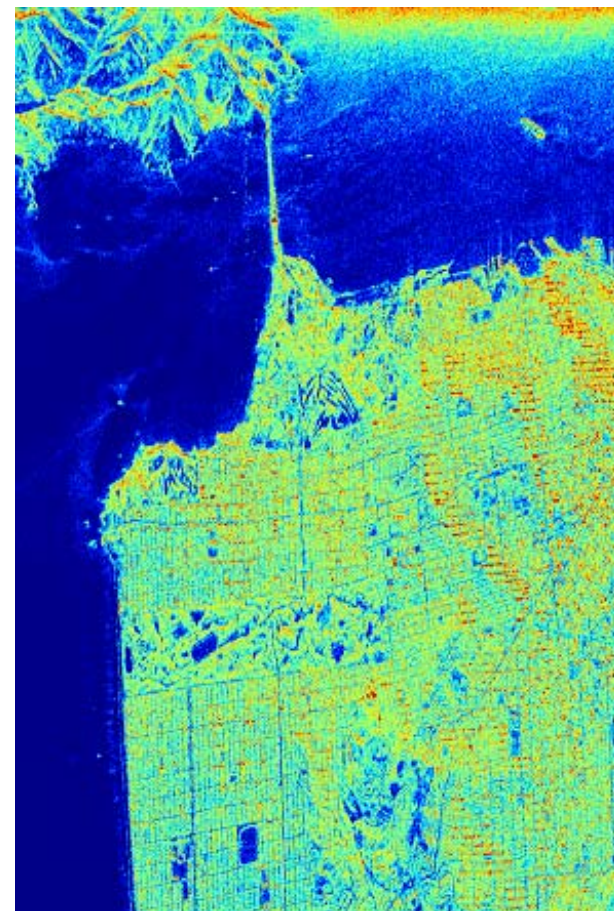
CRS



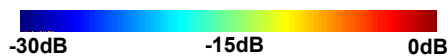
$$(2A_0)_{dB}$$

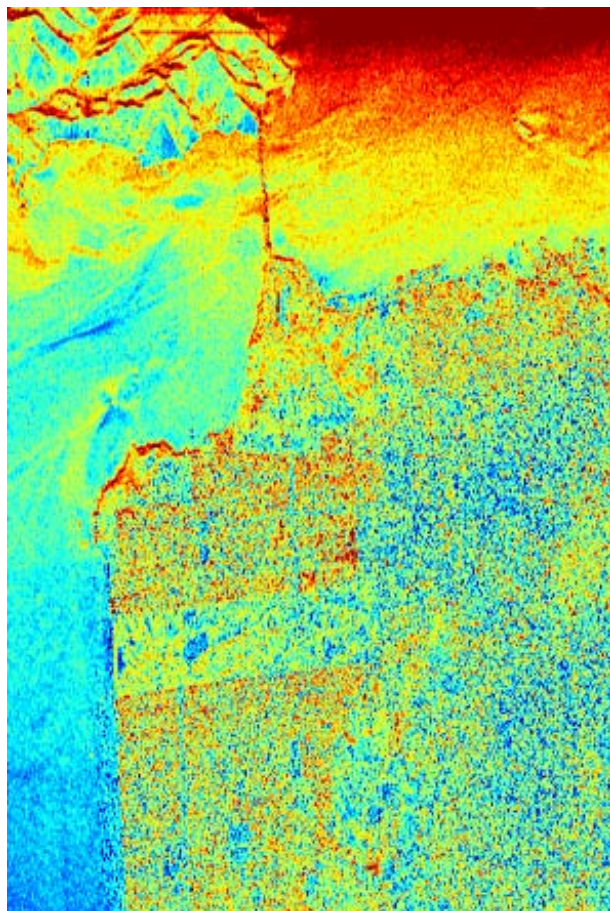


$$(B_0 + B)_{dB}$$

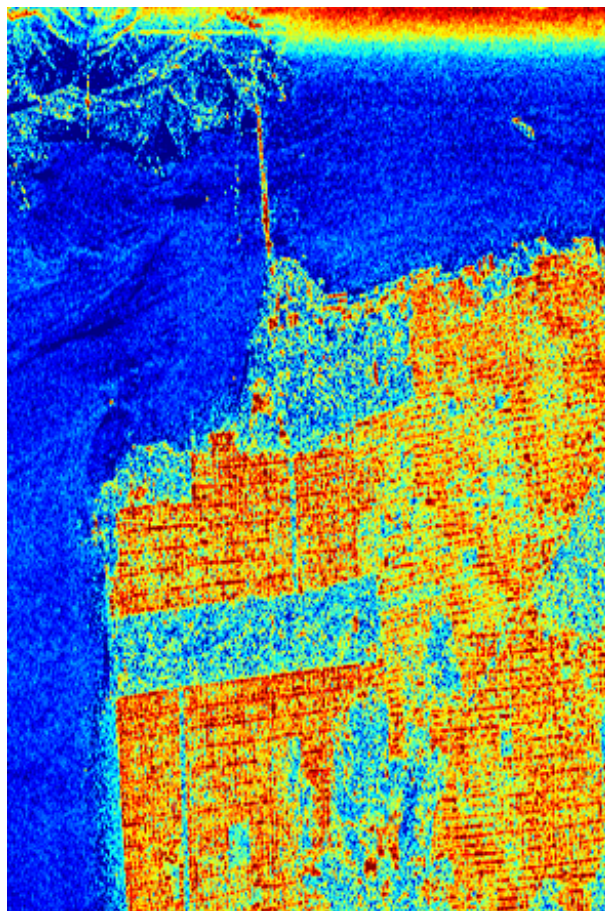


$$(B_0 - B)_{dB}$$

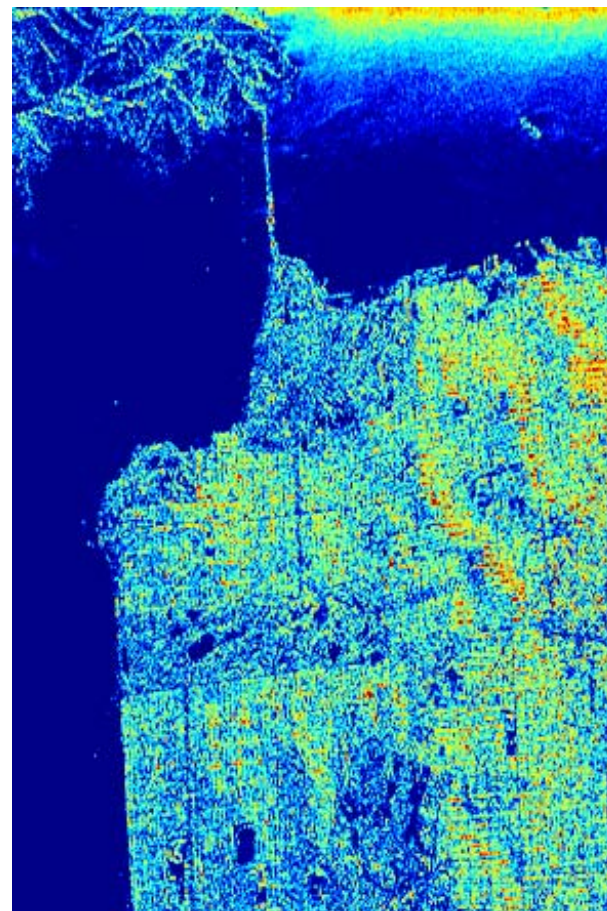




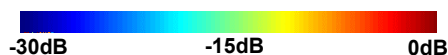
$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{13}|$$



$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{12}|$$



$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{11}|$$





$$2A_0$$

$$B_0 + B$$

$$B_0 - B$$



$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{11}|$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{12}|$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1} |u_{13}|$$

WILLIAM A. HOLM

(1988)

DECOMPOSITION

ALTERNATIVE PHYSICAL INTERPRETATION

OF THE EIGENVALUES SPECTRUM

$$[\Sigma] = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda_3 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$[\Sigma] = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 - \lambda_2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_2 - \lambda_3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 - \lambda_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\langle [T] \rangle = \lambda_1 \underline{u}_1 \underline{u}_1^{T*} + \lambda_2 \underline{u}_2 \underline{u}_2^{T*} + \lambda_3 \underline{u}_3 \underline{u}_3^{T*}$$



$$\langle [T] \rangle = (\lambda_1 - \lambda_2) \underline{u}_1 \underline{u}_1^{T*} + (\lambda_2 - \lambda_3) (\underline{u}_1 \underline{u}_1^{T*} + \underline{u}_2 \underline{u}_2^{T*}) + \lambda_3 [I_{3D}]$$



PURE TARGET
(AVERAGE)



MIXED TARGET
(VARIANCE)



NOISE
(UNPOLARIZED)



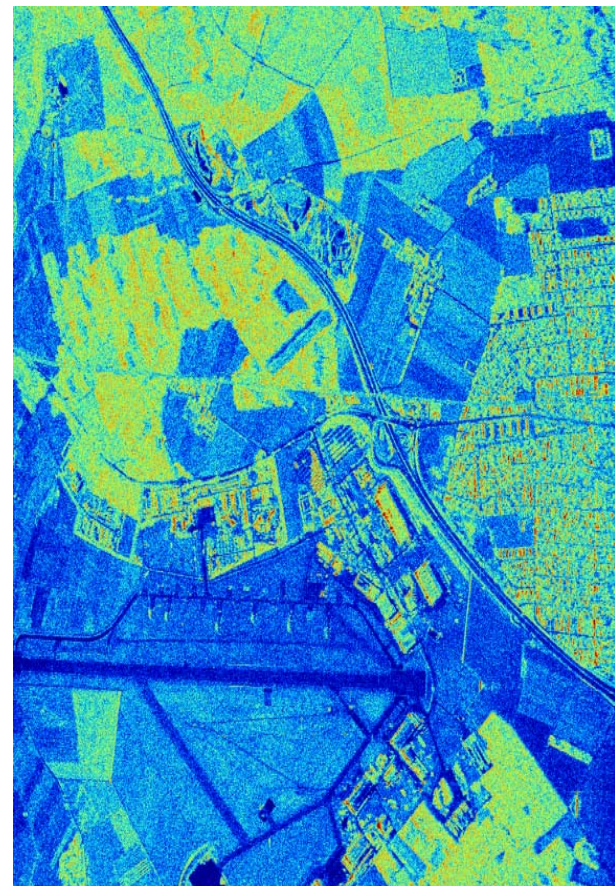
TARGET



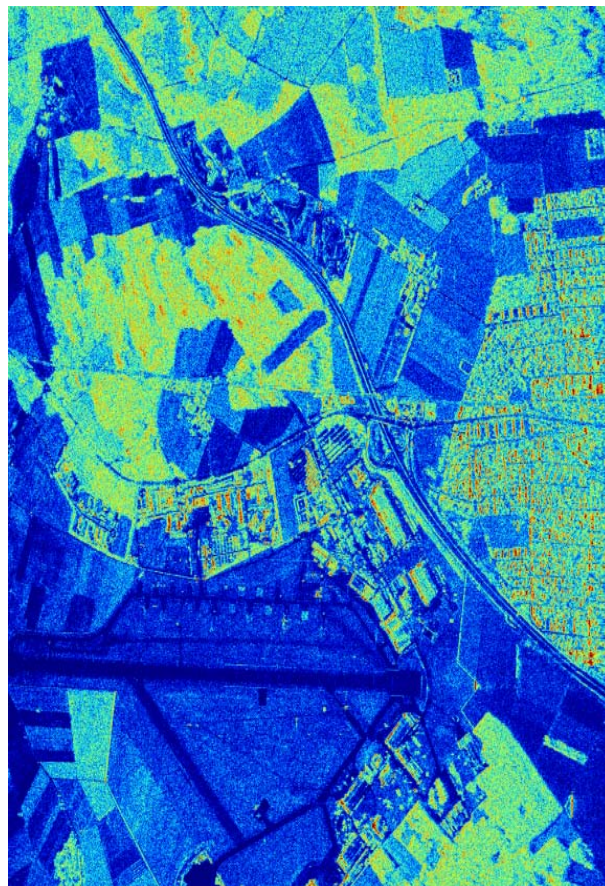
PLUS NOISE

CONCEPT OF :

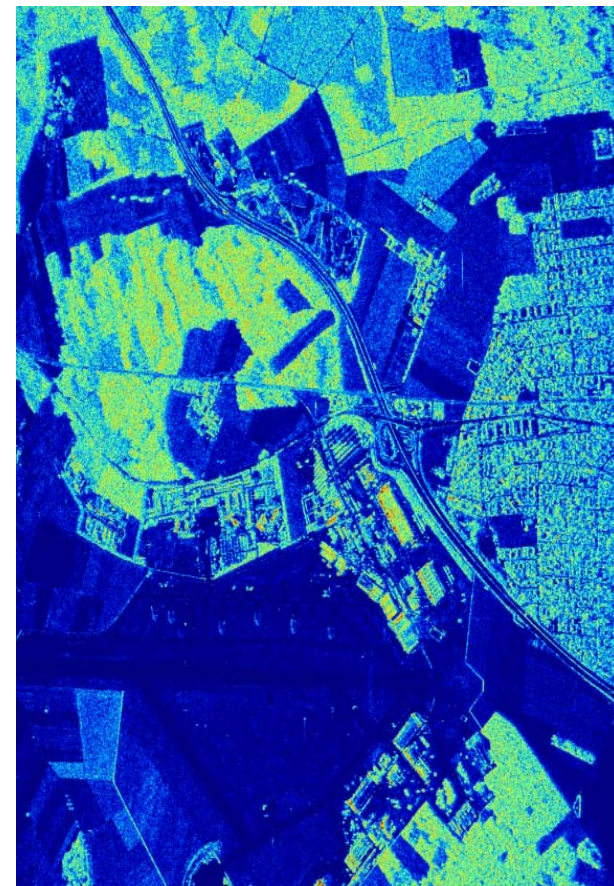
HYBRID APPROACH OF THE HUYNEN MODEL



$$(2A_0)_{dB}$$

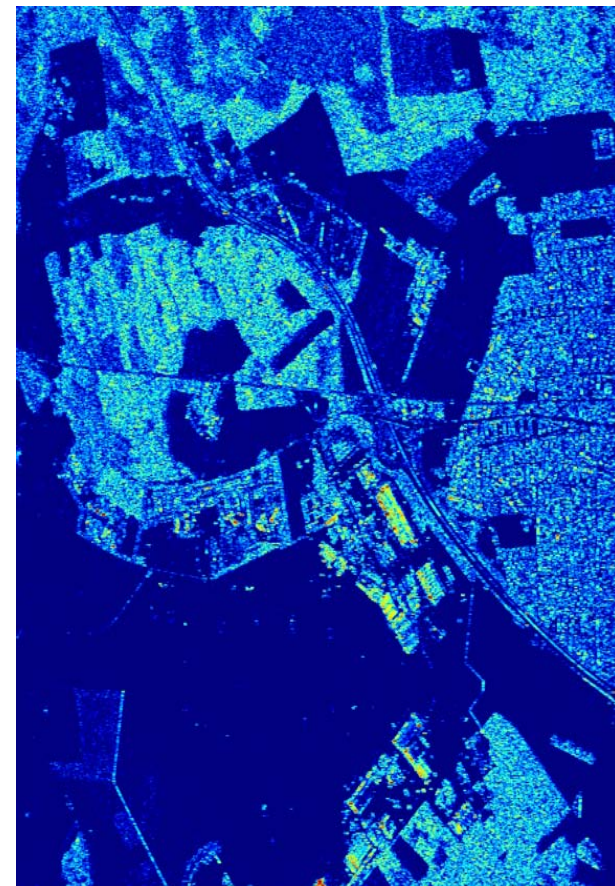
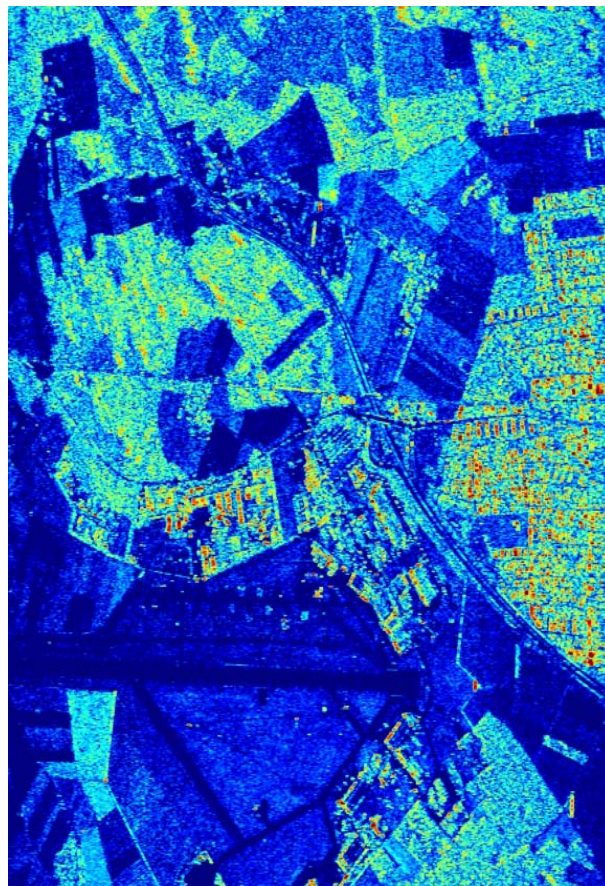
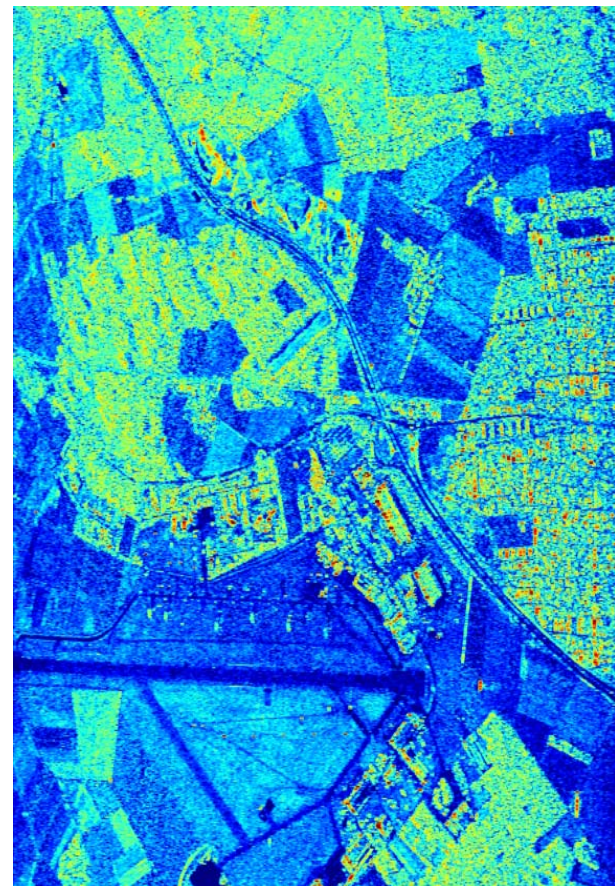


$$(B_0 + B)_{dB}$$



$$(B_0 - B)_{dB}$$





$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{13}|$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{12}|$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{11}|$$

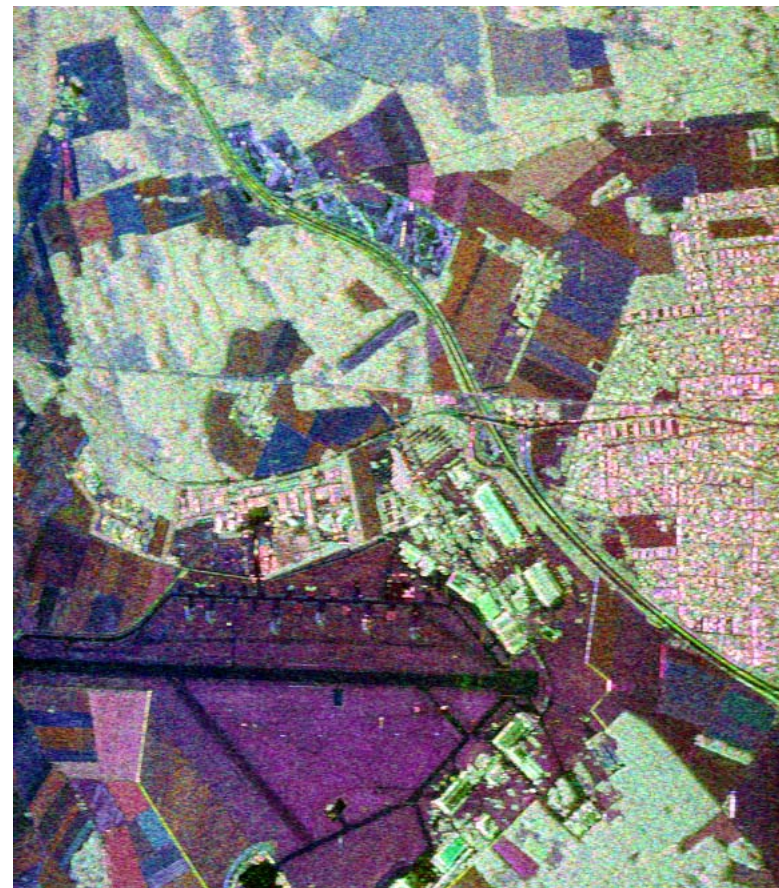




$2A_0$

$B_0 + B$

$B_0 - B$



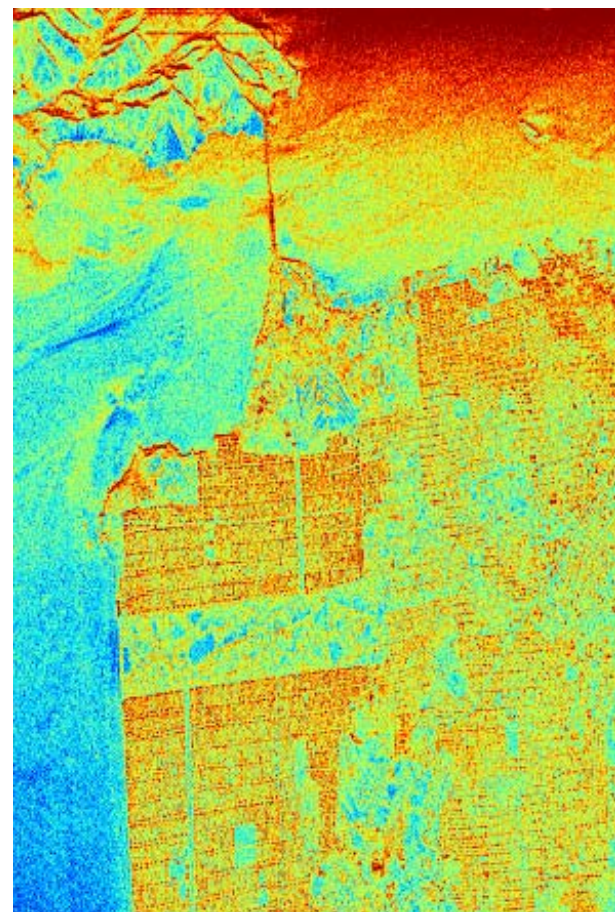
$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{11}|$ $\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{12}|$

$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{13}|$

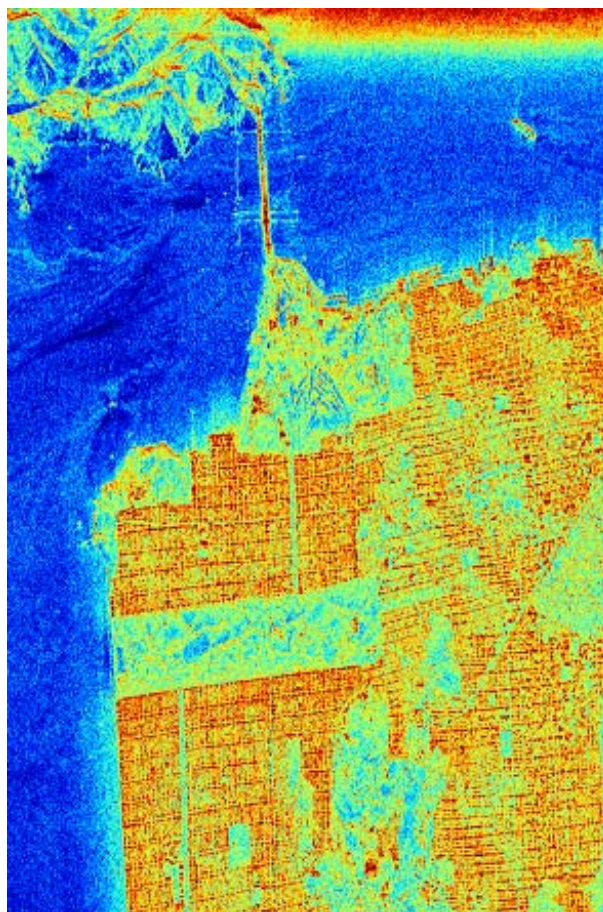
CRS

INSIS

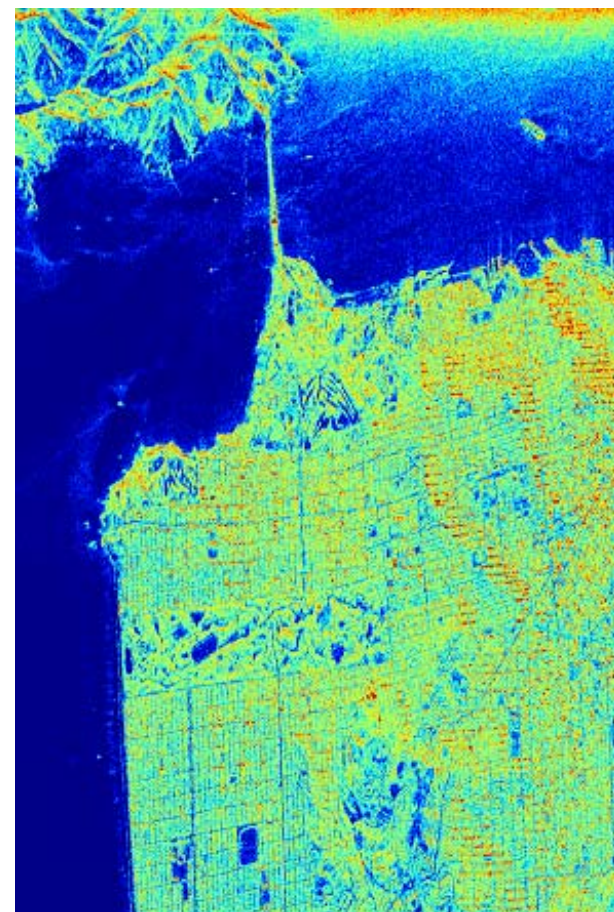
UNIVERSITÉ DE RENNES



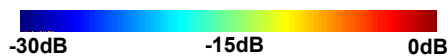
$$(2A_0)_{dB}$$

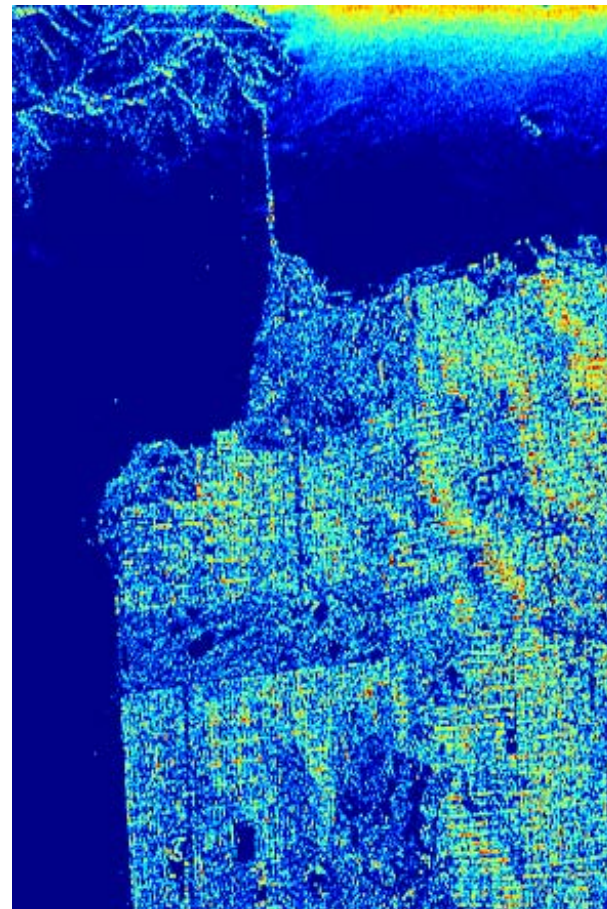
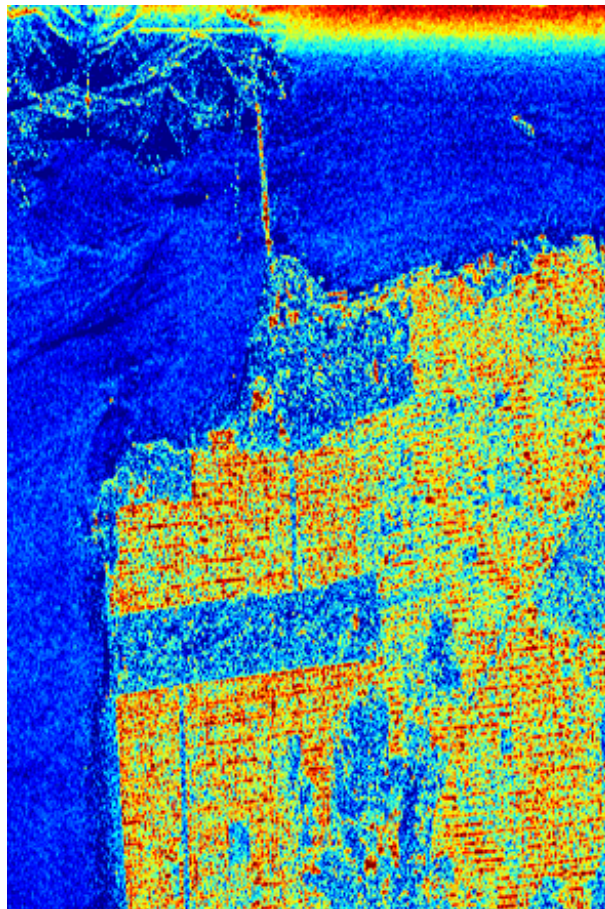
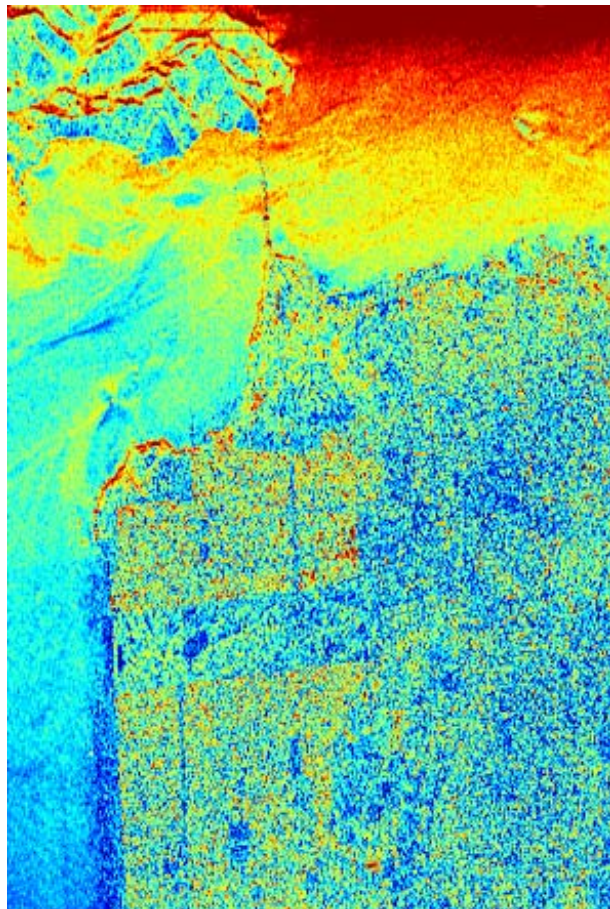


$$(B_0 + B)_{dB}$$



$$(B_0 - B)_{dB}$$

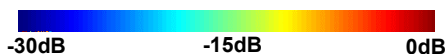




$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{13}|$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{12}|$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{11}|$$





$$2A_0$$

$$B_0 + B$$

$$B_0 - B$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{11}|$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{12}|$$

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} |u_{13}|$$